

漁村集落の「つきあい」の場となる屋外空間に関する研究

Study on the Outdoor Space for Active Socialization among Residents in the Fishing Communities

山本 祥子* 斎藤 庸平

Yoshiko Yamamoto*, Yohei Saito**

(*サンキコンサルタンツ株式会社・**姫路工業大学 自然・環境科学研究所)

*Sanki Consultants CO.LTD. .

**Himeji Institute of Technology (H. I. T) Institute of Natural and Environmental Sciences

This study targeted the fishing communities in Hokudan-cho on Awaji Island and aimed to clarify what kinds of space lend themselves to active socialization among residents in their leisure time. Results point to three principal kinds of communication space; places around the port / harbor area, outdoor spaces around individual houses, and derelict space. Such spaces are usually under 30m² in area, and have a drawing area from around 150m. It was apparent that these spaces are smaller and closer than the parks in towns specified according to the current law of urban parks. The most commonly found elements in such spaces were benches. The most desired elements for making those spaces more comfortable were benches and plants. The characteristics of the distribution of such socializing spaces are as follows; they are 1)main thoroughfares,2)adjacent to roads,3)facing pathways under 2m wide.