## Reading Raw Data with SPSS ${ }^{1}$

This document will show a variety of ways of reading raw data.

* Reading free-field data that is internal to the program.
* Free-field means that the variables are separated by a space (or comma, if
* otherwise indicated) so columns do not need to be specified.
* ID is the name of the first variable - the '*' indicates that
* the default format should be used.
* 'fname' is the name of the second variable.
* (a9) indicates that the variable is a string,
* and the it has up to 9 characters.
* 'age' is the name of the second variable.
* (f3) indicates that it is a numeric variable and that it has up to 3 digits, * and none are to the right of the decimal.

```
DATA LIST FREE / ID * fname (A9) AGE (f3) hinch (f3) weight (f3) gender (A) .
```

BEGIN DATA
1 George 2272203 m
2 Frank 6765180 m
3 Sally $27 \quad 62 \quad 120$ f
4 Michelle 3366145 f
END DATA.

The data could also be stored externally to the program. This is how data are usually stored and read.

```
DATA LIST file = 'c:\all\spssclass\progs\prog2.data' FREE
    / ID * fname (A9) AGE (f3) hinch (f3) weight (f3) gender (A) .
variable label
    fname 'First name'
    age 'Age in years'
    hinch 'Height in inches'
    weight 'Weight in pounds' .
```

* Much more complex data can be read.
* The following reads a data set from ICPSR.
* There are 55 lines of data for each case RECORDS $=55$
* /1 tells SPSS to read the 1st line of data.
* /4 tells SPSS to read the 4th line of data.
* " / 55 . " tells SPSS to skip to the 55th line of data but to read no variables on that line.
* / 54 M482 34-39 (2) tells SPSS to read variable M482 in columns 34-39 on line 54.
* and that there are two digits to the right of the decimal point.

```
DATA LIST FILE='C:\DEM1940.DATA' FIXED RECORDS = 55
    /1 M001 3-4 M002 5-8 M003 9-12
    /2 M011 13-19 M012 20-26 M013 27-33 M014 34-40 M015 41-47
        M016 48-54 M017 55-61 M018 62-68 M019 69-75
    /4 M029 13-19 M030 20-26 M031 27-33 M032 34-40 M033 41-47
        M034 48-54 M035 55-61 M036 62-68 M037 69-75
    /54 M482 34-39 (2)
        M483 40-45 (2) M484 46-51 (2) M485 52-57 (2)
        M486 58-63 (2) M487 64-69 (2) M488 70-75 (2)
```

    /55.
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[^0]:    ${ }^{1}$ Prepared by Patty Glynn, University of Washington. 4/3/07 C:\allhhelplhelpnewlspss_read_raw.wpd

