

Bootstrap Sampling in SAS, an example of Getting Means from Many Samples¹

It is possible to use a macro in SAS to run procedures within an iterative loop. Following is an example of a program that repeatedly gets a data set, draws a 20% random sample, calculates the mean and standard deviation of the sample, and adds these into a file that has the means and standard deviations from the previous samples drawn. This approximates a bootstrap process for sampling. (Lines that begin with an asterisk document the file, and are not executed by SAS.)

```
* bootsas ; title1 'bootsas, example of bootstrap sampling with macros in sas' ;
options compress=yes ;
data one; input var1 @@ ;
cards ;
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;
* Get descriptive statistics for the entire sample for comparison ;
proc means ; var var1;
* create a macro;
%macro bootst ;
** Change the number after "%to" to change N of iterations ;
%do i =1 %to 2000 ;
data sample ; set one ;
* Create a 20% random sample. ;
* Change ".2" to another number to change sample size ;
* The seed for the random number generator will vary with each iteration. ;
ransamp = ranuni(&i) ; if ransamp le .2 ;
* Run proc means on the sample, do not print ;
proc means noprint ; var var1 ;
output out = meand&i mean = mean std = std n =n ;
** Append the data set created to proc means. Each proc means ;
** will create an observation with the mean, standard deviation ;
** and N of cases in the sample. ;
proc append base=meanall data=meand&i ;
** End the DO Loop ;
%end ;
** End the macro ;
%mend bootst ;
* execute the macro ;
%bootst ;
* Get descriptive statistics for the data set created by macro ;
proc means data = meanall ; run ;
```

The mean for the population is 300.5. The mean of the mean of the 2,000 samples is 300.52, the range is from 255.0 to 338.3.